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Phosphorus, Sulfur, and Silicon and the Related Elements

Publication details, including instructions for authors and subscription information: http://www.informaworld.com/smpp/title~content=t713618290

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To cite this Article Abdou, Wafaa M.(1999) 'Synthesis and Characteristics of Novel Thiazoie and Dithiazole Derivatives. Reactions of Acyclic-and Heterocyclic *Cis*-Disulfides with Some Nucleophilic Phosphorus Reagents', Phosphorus, Sulfur, and Silicon and the Related Elements, 144: 1, 393 - 396

To link to this Article: DOI: 10.1080/10426509908546264
URL: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/10426509908546264

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Synthesis and Characteristics of Novel Thiazoie and Dithiazole Derivatives. Reactions of Acyclicand Heterocyclic *Cis*-Disulfides with Some Nucleophilic Phosphorus Reagents

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The behavior of phosphorus ylides such as alkoxycarbonyl-and β -ketoalkylidenephosphoranes toward different types of acyclic and cyclic cis-disulfides has been investigated whereby several substituted-thiazoles, dithiazoles, thioles and dithioles as well as different types of dimeric products were isolated and identified.

Keywords: acyclic- and heterocyclic cis-disulfides; phosphorus ylides

INTRODUCTION

Disulfides and their derivatives constitute a class of compounds of wide interest for both biological and chemical behavior studies. It has been reported that organic disulfides of general formula R-S-S-R (R= alkyl or aryl) react with trialkyl phosphites and sodium dialkyl phosphonates to give phosphorothioatg esters^[1,2] (eqs.1 and 2).

$$R-S-S-R + (RO)_3 P \longrightarrow RSP (OR)_2 + R-S-R$$
 (1)

R-S-S-R +
$$(RO)_2P(O)Na \longrightarrow RSP(O)(OR)_2 + NaSR$$
 (2)

On the other hand, it has been reported^[3] that heterocyclic cisdisulfides, 5-phenyl-3H-1,2,4-dithiazole-3-one 2a and its thione derivative 2b react with trialkyl phosphites to give thioacyl isocyanate (or isothiocyanate) along with the corresponding trialkyl thiophosphate (eq. 3). The work detailed here involves a study on the interactions

Ph
$$X$$
 Ph₃P PhC(S)NCX + TPPS/(R0)₃P(S) (3)

2a. $X=0$
b. $X=S$

of the acyclic disulfide: tetramethylthiuram disulfide 1 and several types of heterocyclic cis-disulfides which contain this moiety in combination with function groups bearing a greater or lesser decrease of electronegativity such as 2a,b and 5-p-chlorophenyl-4-cyano-1,2-dithiole-3-thione 3a and its -3-one derivative 3b with phosphorus ylides of type 4. The biological evaluation of the new products seem to be interest.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

I-Reaction of Disulfide 1 and Phosphorus Ylides.[4]

Treatment of 1 with one equiv. of 4a,b in boiling tetrahydrofuran for 6 h gave the substituted ylides 5a,b (65%) and the episulfides 6a,b (~20%) as depicted in Scheme 1. Conversely, 1 reacts with cyano-4c or

benzoyl-methylenetriphenylphosphorane 4d to give compounds 6c,d (~12%) along with 8 (33%) or 9 (28%), respectively, were isolated obviously, through an initial decomposition of 1 to tetraalkylthiourea7, carbon disulfide and sulfur, [5] followed by thiocarbonyl olefination by the Wittig reagent 4c or 4d (Scheme 2).

11-Reaction of Cyclic cis-Disulfide 2a with Phosphorus Ylides. [6]

Treatment of 2a with 4a and 4b at 25 0 C gave the thiazole derivatives 11a,b (~45%) and 12a,b (~13%), whereas with 4e (R= CH₃) in ethyl acetate, the thiazole analog 12c (70%) was only obtained (Scheme 3). Conversely, the reaction of 2a with the ylides 4d (R= C₆H₅) or 4f (R= H) yielded in both cases the dimeric product 13 (~66%).

III-Reaction of the Dithiazole 2b with Phosphorus Ylide.[7]

In a systematic study, the reaction of *cis*-disulfide **2b** with **4a** in boiling THF afforded 1,3-dithiole derivative **14a** (53%) and the dimeric product *E***13**A(20%). However, compound **14a** could be oxidized by N-bromosuccinimide to the known dithiole **15**^[9] (Scheme 4).

$$\begin{bmatrix} Ph & N & \\ & & & \\$$

When 2b was treated with ylides 4b (R= OC_2H_5) and 4e (R= CH_3), the dimeric compounds 16a,b (62%) along with the disubstituted 1,3-dithiole 14b (27%, with 4b) or 17 (44%, with 4e).

$$\begin{bmatrix} Ph & H \\ ROC & S \end{bmatrix}_2 + 14b & \text{or} \\ b)R=OC_2H_5 \\ \hline 16a,b \end{bmatrix}_2 + ROC & S \\ ROC & S$$

IV-Reactions of the Dithiole 3a,b with Phosphorus Ylides.[9]

Treatment of the nitrile 3a with 4a and 4b gave the new ylides 18a,b (~11%) along with the dithioles 19a,b (~26%) and 20a,b (~13%). Heating 18a or 19a with 4a led to the formation of 20a (Scheme 5).

Likewise, the reaction of 3b with 4a and 4b results again in the formation of comparable products 19a,b and 20a,b, nevertheless compounds analogous to 18 were not isolated from these reactions. Carrying out the latter reactions (3a,b + 4a,b) in the presence of a base (triethylamine) yielded the expected products 19a,b (~22%) and the substituted thioles 21a,b (~48%) (Scheme 6).

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